

# Rezafungin Clinical Safety and Efficacy in Patients with Candidemia and/or Invasive Candidiasis in the Randomized, Double-blind, Multicenter, Phase 2 STRIVE Trial

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IDWeek 2018

Abstract #1718

## Disclosures / Acknowledgments

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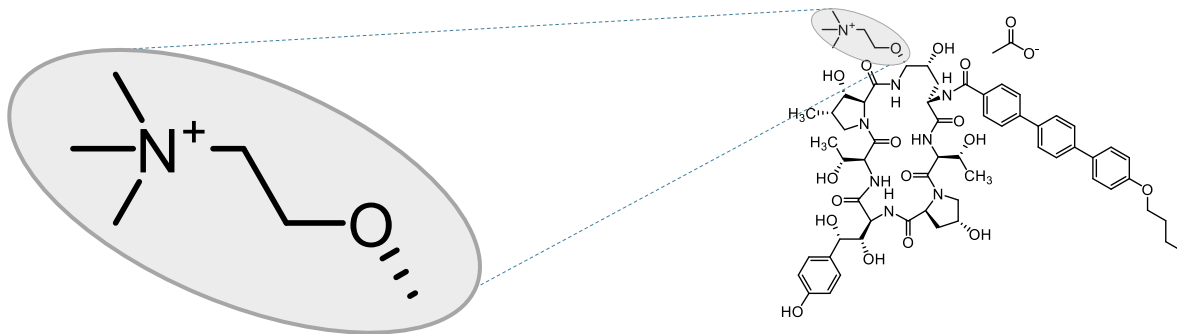
- **G. R. Thompson:** Cidara Therapeutics (investigator, research support); Mayne (investigator, research support); Astellas (consultant, investigator, consulting fee, research support); Scynexis (investigator, research support); Vical (consultant, consulting fee)
- **J. Vazquez:** None
- **A. Soriano:** Cidara Therapeutics (investigator, research grant)
- **A. Skoutelis:** None
- **L. Ostrosky-Zeichner:** Cidara Therapeutics (grant investigator, research grant)
- **K. Mena, L. Navalta, and T. Sandison:** Cidara Therapeutics (employees)
- **P. Pappas:** Cidara Therapeutics (consultant, grant investigator, research grant); IMMY (consultant, grant investigator, research grant); Scynexis (consultant, grant investigator, research grant); Gilead (grant investigator, research grant).
- Editorial support was provided by T. Chung (Scribant Medical) and funded by Cidara Therapeutics.

# Candidemia and invasive candidiasis

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- *Candida* spp. are a leading cause of nosocomial bloodstream infections
- Trends in species distribution
  - *C. albicans* now <50% of isolates in the US
  - Increases in *C. glabrata* (US, Australia, EU, Asia)
  - Increases in *C. parapsilosis* (Latin America, Africa)

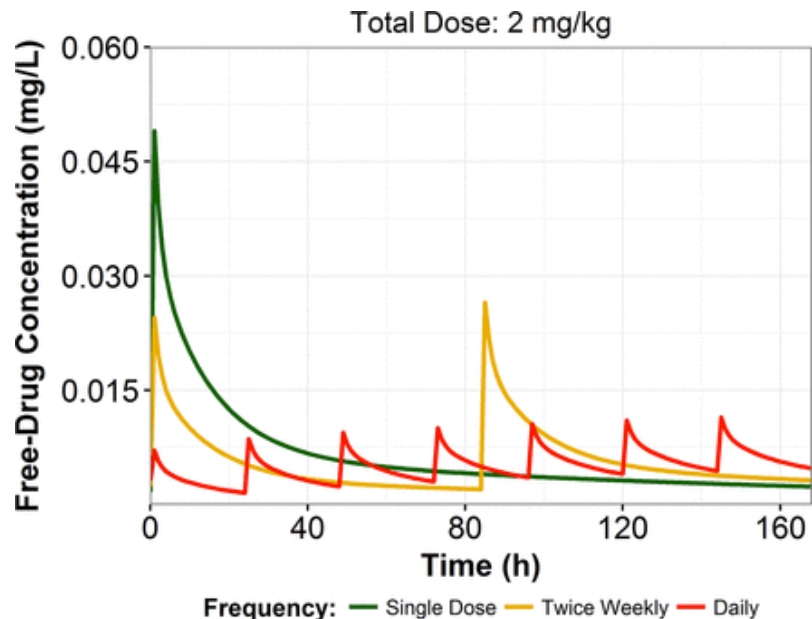
# Rezafungin: a novel echinocandin



## Structural modification yields improved chemical & biological properties

- Designed for prolonged PK ..... once weekly dosing in clinical trials
- Designed for high exposures ..... potential for improved efficacy
- Observed elimination of toxic degradation products ..... potential for improved safety
- Enables multiple formulations ..... IV and SC under development

# Echinocandin efficacy driven by shape of exposure curve



- Concentration-dependent killing
- Long half-life
- Safety supports front-loaded dosing



- ❖ **Once-weekly dosing of rezafungin demonstrated greater fungal killing than divided doses**
- ❖ **A higher degree of fungal killing achieved with the same amount of weekly exposure**

# Rezafungin accumulates at site of infection

## Intra-abdominal Invasive Candidiasis Abscess Model

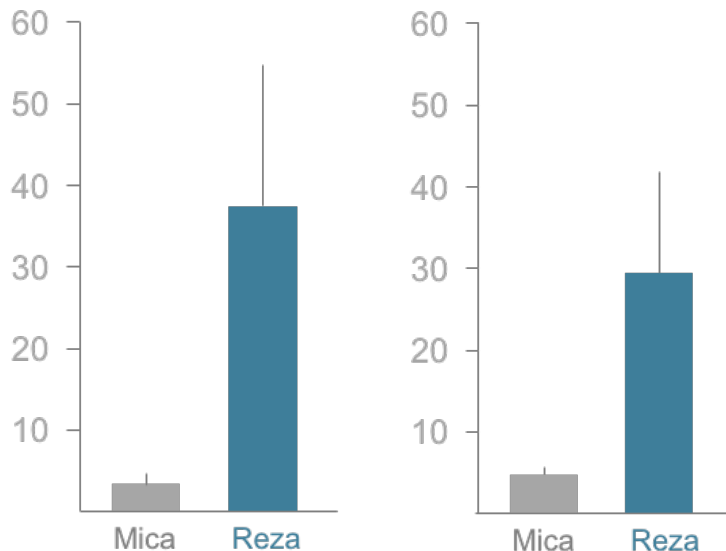
### 48 HOURS

1 dose of rezafungin vs.  
2 doses of micafungin

### 72 HOURS

1 dose of rezafungin vs.  
3 doses of micafungin

Tissue Drug Level  
( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )



- Exposure at site of infection was 6- to 8-fold higher for rezafungin
- Even multiple doses of micafungin did not reach tissue drug levels achieved with single dose of rezafungin

# STRIVE Part A: objectives

STRIVE is a randomized, double-blind, multicenter, Phase 2 trial of REZAFUNGIN in patients with candidemia and/or invasive candidiasis designed to:

Establish safety and tolerability in patients

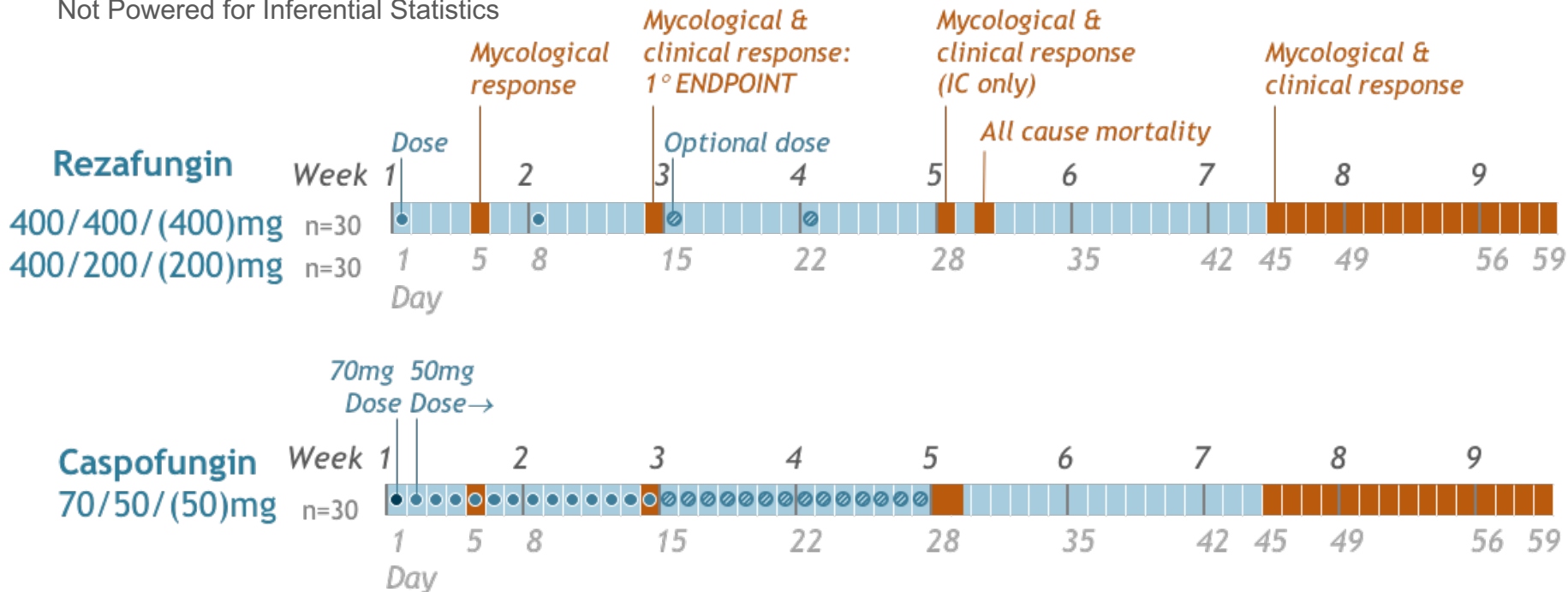
Establish efficacy (clinical and mycological ) across timepoints

Establish efficacy vs caspofungin

Establish dosing regimen for Phase 3

# STRIVE Part A: study design

Not Powered for Inferential Statistics



- Intent-to-treat (ITT) population: all randomized subjects
- Safety population: all subjects who received any amount of study drug
- Microbiological ITT (mITT): all subjects in safety & population with documented *Candida* infection



# Subject Demographics and Baseline Characteristics

Parameter		Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 35	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 36	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 36
		n (%), except where noted		
Age	Mean ± SD [Range]	57 ± 15.9 years [24, 88]	57 ± 14.3 years [26, 84]	61 ± 17.2 years [24, 93]
Diagnosis	Candidemia	32 (91.4)	31 (86.1)	33 (91.7)
	IC	3 (8.6)	5 (13.9)	3 (8.3)
Child-Pugh score <sup>a</sup>	<7	12 (34.3)	10 (27.8)	13 (36.1)
	7-9	15 (42.9)	16 (44.4)	17 (47.2)
	10-15	0	2 (5.6)	1 (2.8)
APACHE II score <sup>a</sup>	0-9	12 (34.3)	9 (25.0)	9 (25.0)
	10-19	16 (45.7)	18 (50.0)	21 (58.3)
	≥20	6 (17.1)	8 (22.2)	3 (8.3)

<sup>a</sup>Numbers of subjects with scores not calculated/missing are not shown.

# Overall Response

## Day 14- mITT Population

Response	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 33	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 31	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 28
	n (%)		
Overall Response- Success	19 (57.6)	22 (71.0)	18 (64.3)
- Failure	7 (21.2)	6 (19.4)	8 (28.6)
- Indeterminate <sup>a</sup>	7 (21.2)	3 (9.7)	2 (7.1)
Excluding Indeterminate Response			
Success	19/26 (73.1)	22/28 (78.6)	18/26 (69.2)
Failure	7/26 (26.9)	6/28 (21.4)	8/26 (30.8)

<sup>a</sup>Indeterminate response indicates inability to assess outcome due to missing data point(s)

# Overall Response

## Day 5- mITT Population

Response	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N=33	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N=31	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N=28
	n (%)		
Overall Response- Success	19 (57.6)	21 (67.7)	15 (53.6)
- Failure	10 (30.3)	8 (25.8)	12 (42.9)
- Indeterminate <sup>a</sup>	4 (12.1)	2 (6.5)	1 (3.6)
Excluding Indeterminate Response			
Success	19/29 (65.5)	21/29 (72.4)	15/27 (55.6)
Failure	10/29 (34.5)	8/29 (27.6)	12/27 (44.4)

<sup>a</sup>Indeterminate response indicates inability to assess outcome due to missing data point(s)

# PI Assessment of Clinical Response

## Day 14- mITT Population

Response	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 33	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 31	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 28
	n (%)		
Clinical Cure <sup>a</sup>	25 (75.8)	24 (77.4)	20 (71.4)
- Failure	7 (21.2)	4 (12.9)	8 (28.6)
- Indeterminate <sup>b</sup>	1 (3.0)	3 (9.7)	0
Excluding Indeterminate Response			
Success	25/32 (78.1)	24/28 (85.7)	20/28 (71.4)
Failure	7/32 (21.9)	4/28 (14.3)	8/28 (28.6)

<sup>a</sup>Outcome most closely approximating primary outcome from prior IC/candidemia clinical trials

<sup>b</sup>Indeterminate response indicates inability to assess outcome due to missing data point(s)

# Mycological Response

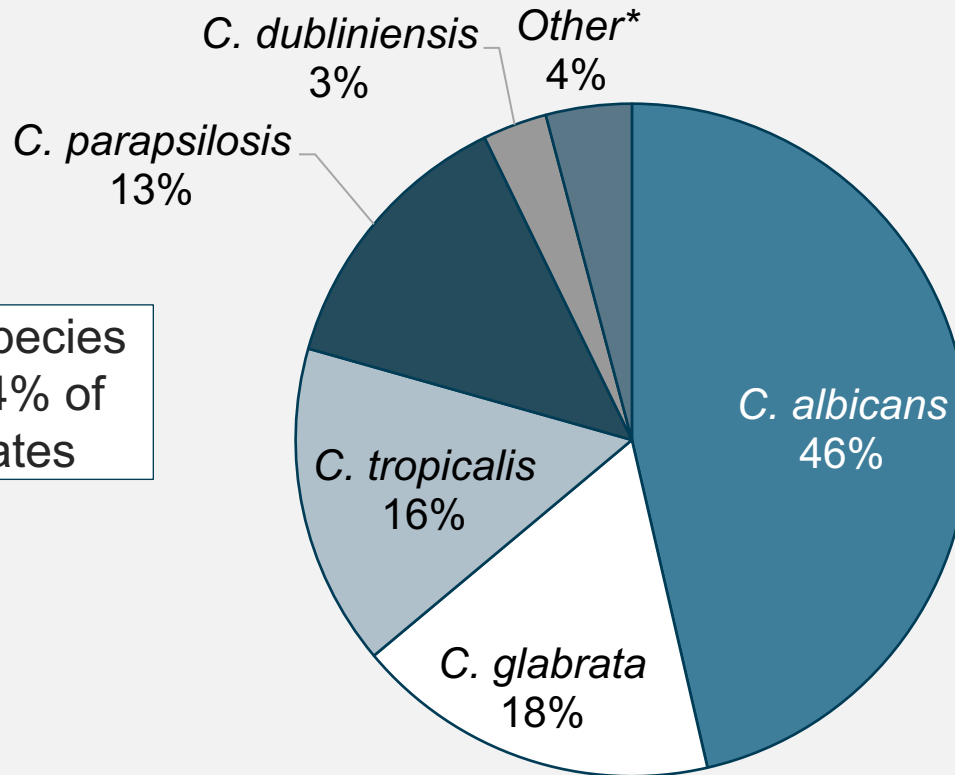
## Day 14- mITT Population (Patients with Candidemia Only)

Response	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 30	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 26	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 25
	n (%)		
Mycological Success in Candidemia	21 (70.0)	17 (65.4)	18 (72.0)
- Failure	6 (20.0)	6 (23.1)	6 (24.0)
- Indeterminate <sup>a</sup>	3 (10.0)	3 (11.5)	1 (4.0)
Excluding Indeterminate Response			
Success	21/27 (77.8)	17/23 (73.9)	18/24 (75.0)
Failure	6/27 (22.2)	6/23 (26.1)	6/24 (25.0)

<sup>a</sup>Indeterminate response indicates inability to assess outcome due to missing data point(s)

# Candida Species at Enrollment

## MITT Population

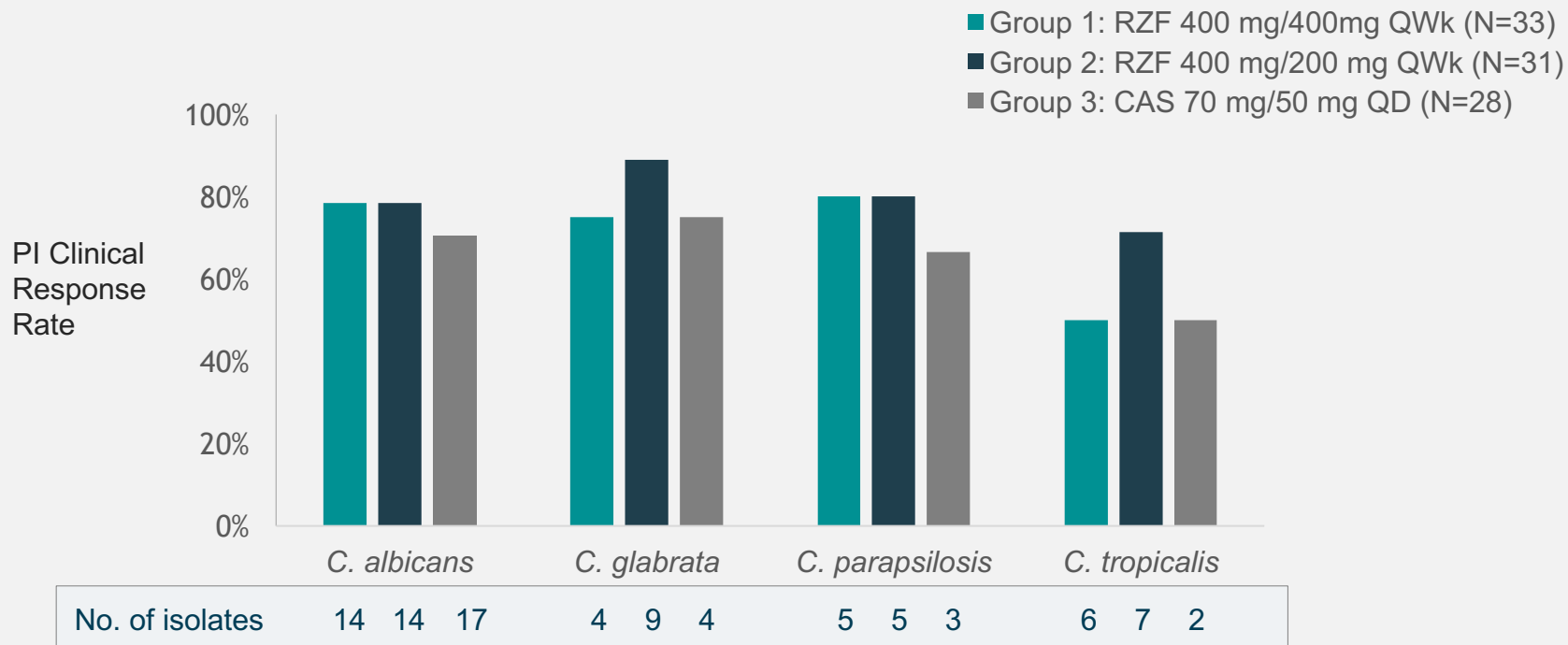


Non-*albicans* species  
comprised ~54% of  
baseline isolates

\*Other comprised 1 isolate each of *C. guilliermondii*, *C. intermedia*, *C. krusei*, and *C. rugosa*.

# PI Clinical Response by *Candida* Species at Enrollment

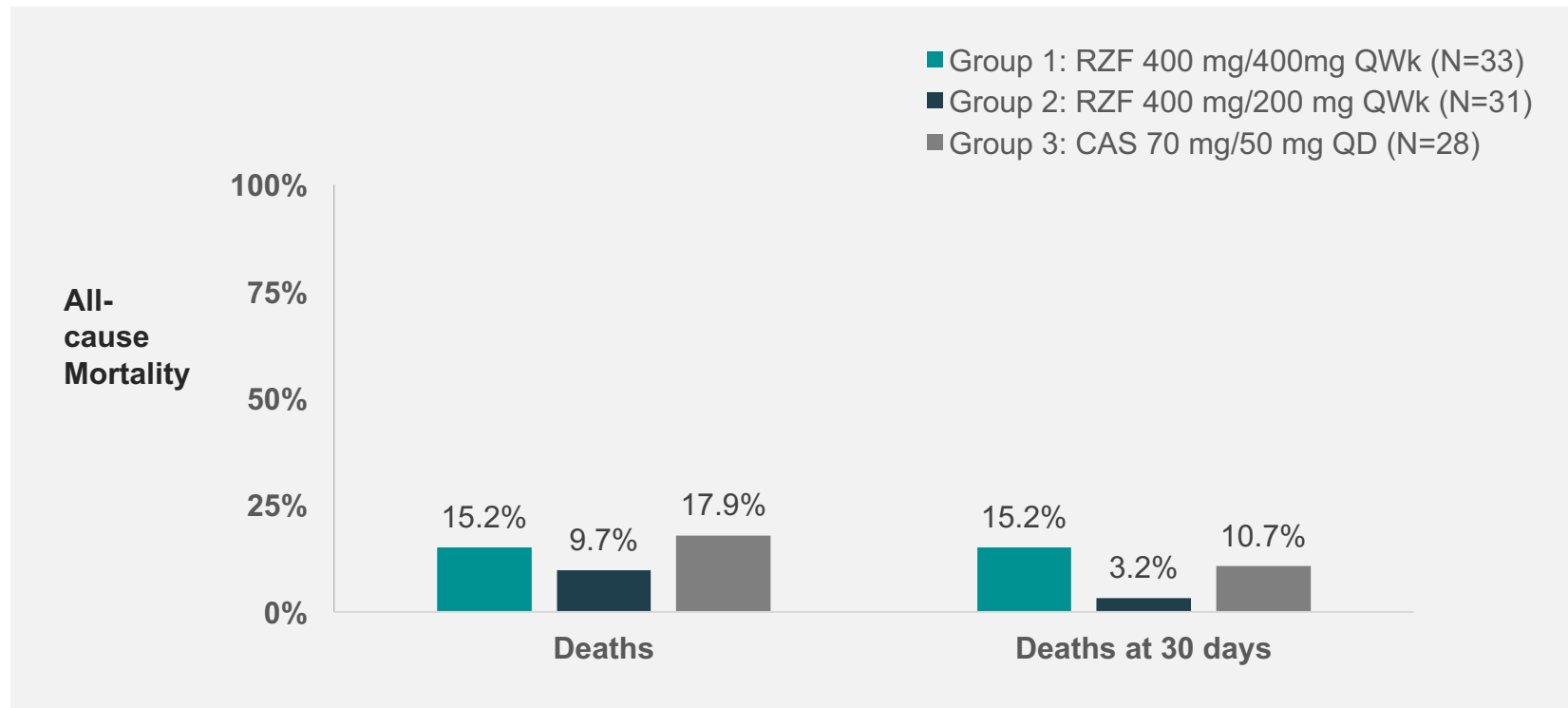
## Day 14- mITT Population



Not shown: 100% responses against Other isolates in Group 1 (*C. dubliniensis*, n=3; *C. guilliermondii* and *C. rugosa*, n=1 each) and in Group 3 (*C. intermedia* and *C. krusei*, n=1 each)

# All-cause Mortality

## mITT Population





## Adverse Events Summary

Parameter	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 35	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 36	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 33
	n (%)		
≥1 TEAE	31 (88.6)	34 (94.4)	27 (81.8)
Severe	13 (37.1)	10 (27.8)	13 (39.4)
Study-drug related TEAE	4 (11.4)	6 (16.7)	4 (12.1)
Serious AE	13 (37.1)	18 (50.0)	13 (39.4)
Study-drug related SAE	0	1 (2.8)	1 (3.0)

# Most Frequent ( $\geq 10\%$ ) Adverse Events

## Safety Population

Preferred Term	Rezafungin 400 mg/400 mg (QWk) N= 35	Rezafungin 400 mg/200 mg (QWk) N= 36	Combined Rezafungin Groups N=71	Caspofungin 70 mg/50 mg (QD) N= 33
	n (%)			
Hypokalemia	5 (14.3)	7 (19.4)	<b>12 (16.9)</b>	<b>3 (9.1)</b>
Diarrhea	3 (8.6)	7 (19.4)	<b>10 (14.1)</b>	<b>8 (24.2)</b>
Nausea	2 (5.7)	6 (16.7)	<b>8 (11.3)</b>	<b>3 (9.1)</b>
Anemia	4 (11.4)	4 (11.1)	<b>8 (11.3)</b>	<b>1 (3.0)</b>
Edema/swelling peripheral	5 (14.3)	2 (5.6)	<b>7 (9.9)</b>	<b>2 (6.1)</b>
Vomiting	2 (5.7)	4 (11.1)	<b>6 (8.5)</b>	<b>5 (15.2)</b>

## Conclusions

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- STRIVE Part A met its objectives of establishing
  - Clinical safety and tolerability
  - Efficacy (clinical and mycological) across timepoints and versus caspofungin
  - Dosing regimen for Phase 3 (400 mg/200 mg)
- These findings support and inform the continued development of rezafungin in treatment and prevention of invasive fungal infections.